GETTYSBURG

LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Guinn, and now continues THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS himself at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns, on the corner of the Railroad and Northstation street. Thankful for past patronage, he will ask a continuance of the same, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure—prices and others to look for the prompt change of cars.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

selling the most popular kinds. Persons and others will find it to their interest to call and examine before purchasing. Home and Foreign delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

JACOB SHEELY.

Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1869. 1y

HOWE MACHINES!

THE LATEST IMPROVED AND GENUINE ELIAS HOWE, JR.'S SEWING MACHINES.

JACOB F. THOMAS, Agent,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Office corner of Carlisle Square, in the State House formerly occupied by Jacob Sadler.

Agent will be in complete attendance to Machines for the Gettysburg and Carlisle Districts, and Gettysburg Township.

Thankful for the patronage accorded him for the past year, he solicits a continuance of the same, feeling confident that the HOWE is the best machine in use, and that it will give more general satisfaction than any other machine.

Agent will be prepared to supply Needles, Oil and Shuttles for all Machines sold by him, and will promptly attend to all calls for repairs, when the same are not the fault of the machine.

Agent also prepared to sell Machines on the Easy Payment Plan, when the same are not to be paid for in cash.

Machines will be sold at the lowest cash prices, and warranted for five years.

Agent will be at home most of the time, but will visit the different townships, when not at home, to instruct persons in the use of the machine.

Circulars containing full description of the various Machines, with their prices, sent free to any address.

Agent's Office, Gettysburg, Pa., Nov. 15, 1869. 1y

PUNCH!

THE

Diamond Segar Store.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Segars, Snuff, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, &c.

The subscriber, desirous of closing out the business, will sell the entire stock, consisting of the choicest brands of SEGARS, SNUFF, TOBACCO, PIPES, &c., at the lowest cash prices.

Persons desiring to purchase will find it to their interest to call at the Diamond Segar Store, in the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1869. 1y

Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, &c.

The undersigned, being one of the largest Wholesale Dealers in Tobacco, Pipes, &c., in the State, feels confident that he can offer such inducements as will induce persons to purchase at home, instead of going to the city for their goods.

Dealers and others are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

WASHINGTON BURKHOLDER.

Gettysburg, Nov. 15, 1869.

FIRST

NATIONAL BANK

OF GETTYSBURG

Pays interest on Special Deposits, as follows:

For 1 year, per annum for 1 year.

" 6 months.

" 3 months.

GOVERNMENT COUPON INTEREST NOTES and COUPONS,

Bought at the highest price.

Gold, Silver and all Government Securities bought and sold at the lowest rates.

Collections promptly made on all points in the United States, Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and California, at a reasonable rate of exchange.

Interest allowed on Deposits, subject to check at sight, when the average monthly balance shall exceed $100.

Interest on Special Deposits, when left a sufficient time to enable the Bank to use the money, will be liberal, and may be ascertained by application at the Bank.

Gold, Silver, Coupons, Government Securities and Gettysburg Compound Interest Notes bought at the highest price.

Gold and Silver Watches, Jewelry, Diamonds, Silver-ware, Fine Cutlery, Fancy Goods, Musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, &c., are among the articles offered by Jacob Rinehart, Jr., in his Watch, Clock and Jewelry Store, in Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., opposite the Diamond.

Repairing of the above articles promptly and faithfully done, and warranted for a reasonable time.

Gold Pens, Pencils, Spectacles, Thermometers, Compasses, Fine Pocket Knives, Razors, Strops, Fine Scissors, Fancy Soaps, Perfumery, Combs, Brushes, Musical Boxes, Accordeons, Violins, Guitars, Strings, Screws and Bridges.

Watches and Clocks Warranted for one year. Jewelry Repaired and Warranted for six months.

Prices as low as the lowest, and all work done in a neat and workmanlike manner.

Sept. 10, 1869. 1y

Attorneys, Physicians, &c.

JOHN M. BRACHT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa., offers his professional services to the public.

Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court House.

July 16, 1869. 1y

D. McCONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of the Adams County National Bank, Chambersburg street, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all other business promptly attended to.

All kinds of Scrip, Land Warrants, Claims, &c., bought and sold.

Also, CLERKS of the most manageable, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Violin and Guitar Strings, Screws and Bridges.

Watch and Clock Work warranted for one year. Jewelry Repairing executed in a neat and workmanlike manner.

Sept. 10, 1869. 1y

H. M. J. DUNLAP,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. Office in North-West corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 1, 1867.

EDWARD R. SCHILLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office in the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Danner's long store, and nearly opposite Farmers' Exchange Hotel.

Gettysburg, March 29.

J. C. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Practice, and attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty, and Backpay. Office in the S. Cor. corner the Diamond, Gettysburg, April 9, '67. 1y

Dr. H. S. HUBER,

S. W. CORNER CHAMBERSBURG and WASHINGTON Streets, opposite Col. Jack's Hotel.

Nov. 11, 1867. 1y

Dr. J. W. O'NEILL,

OFFICE AND DWELLING, Corner of Baltimore and High streets, in the house formerly occupied by Dr. Dobbins.

Apr. 1, '67. 1y

Dr. H. H. LEE, Jr.,

LITTLESTOWN, ADAMS COUNTY, PA., will personally be met in Baltimore every Thursday, at the general practice of Medicine, and surgery. Office in Lombard street, near the Exchange.

Nov. 1, 1867. 1y

Dr. J. L. BALLER,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, MIDDLETOWN, Adams county, Pa. Office in Confectionery. Will promptly attend to all calls, night or day. Chloroform administered.

Nov. 3, 1865. 1y

Dr. W. A. McCURDY,

HOT BLAST, SCOTCH AND ANTHRACITE PIPE MANUFACTURER, and Contractor for the erection of Furnaces, Forges, Rolling Mills, Blast Furnaces, Gas Works, Water Works, Steam Engines, Boilers, Tanks, Stacks, Castings of all kinds, Retorts, Fire Brick and Clay, Cupolas, Cupola Blowers, Iron Fronts, Hot Air Furnaces, Portable Furnaces, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Fire Fronts, Mantles, Grates, Tiles, Vases, Fire Brick and Clay of all sizes, Fire Clay Retorts, Gas Works Castings, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Hair, Calcined Plaster, Fire Sand, Ground Fire Clay, Ground Plaster, Fire Brick and Clay

Gettysburg Compiler.

FRIDAY, FEB. 4, 1870.

THE California Legislature has refused to ratify the Fifteenth Amendment by a large majority.

GEN. CASEY has turned over the government of Virginia entirely to the civil authorities.

ACCORDING to All the Representatives from Virginia to Congress have been admitted but Mr. Segar. The latter was elected at large, and is yet out in the cold.

BRADLEY, the negro felon who was ejected from the Senate of Georgia by a vote of expulsion, has been renominated in that body under the recent law of Congress. So it goes in these Radical, negro times.

A SUSPENSION of work in the roofing of the Steam Engineering department in the New York, Philadelphia and Portsmouth Navy Yards has been ordered. This will throw out of employment over 2000 men.

ALMOST one of the best political squibs of the Inverted Pyramid was the following: "It is understood that Butler would have been a candidate for the Spanish throne if the crown jewels hadn't already been stolen."

THERE will be no general or miscellaneous distribution of seeds from the Agricultural Department this season. Cause, meagre appropriations. Thousands of dollars are wasted on partisan objects by Congress, but they have no funds to give seeds to farmers and others.

A NEGRO member of the Alabama Legislature was re-elected, fixed up with bandaging, and secured with citrine ointment and benzine, the latter to kill the natural odor. He is a candidate for Secretary of State, and is a *strong* one.

ON Thursday last, in the lower House of Congress, the Committee on Elections reported a resolution that Henry D. Foster was not entitled to a seat from the Twenty-first Pa. Congressional District, and that John Covode was. There seems to be no limit to Radical rascality.

SO long as John W. Geary lives he will continue to make himself ridiculous by displaying his vanity and indulging in extravagant self-laudation. At his reception, the other evening, some one asked him if he did not dance. "No," said his Excellency, "I have not danced since the war; *my legs are too full of bullet holes.*" Comment would be utterly superfluous.

THE estimates of the appropriations for the several departments of the Federal government for the coming fiscal year, exceed the expenditures of the last year of Andrew Johnson's administration upwards of Fifty Millions of Dollars. This is retrenchment and reform with a vengeance. During the canvass of 1868, the strong cant of the supporters of Grant was their promise of rigid economy in the administration of the government. They will hardly play it again.

THE telegraph furnishes an account of the murder of Col. Coleman, an old and estimable citizen of Carroll county, Tennessee, and the subsequent capture and lynching of five negroes for the offence. Before the negroes were shot by the lynchers they confessed the deed, and farther stated that, disguised as Ku-Klux, they had beaten an old man named Bryant to death, attempted to ravish the daughter of a Mr. McLean, murdered a young man named Hart, and committed many other outrages, including robbery and incendiarism, in the same county.

THE House committee on the judiciary has agreed to report a bill to return to Mrs. R. E. Lee, certain articles, formerly the property of General George Washington, which were taken from Arlington by Gen. McDowell, in the early part of the war, and are now in the Interior Department. Mr. Kerr, of Indiana, will offer the resolution directing the return of the articles, and it will be supported by every member of the committee. These articles embrace the camp and field furniture of General Washington, a good deal of china ware and considerable household furniture.

WHO, with a lively sense of individualities, can blame two young ladies, white, for refusing, at Columbus, Ohio, to be dipped in a pool of water, in a church, immediately after an odoriferous and oily negro had been immersed therein. It would not have been the pleasantest thing to take a dip after some not too sweetly-scented white person. The Radical papers pitch into the young ladies for yielding to an instinct which was born with all decent Caucasians; but we should like to have the irate editors tell us which of their wives or daughters would have consented to enjoy the rejected experience had it been offered her.

THE DILEMMA OF RECONSTRUCTION.—The New York *Herald* makes a sharp point in regard to the Southern States being required to ratify the fifteenth amendment as a condition of reconstruction to the Union. As they could not be trusted to come in and then ratify it, they ratified first and then came in. They were, therefore, not in the Union when they acted on the constitution, or else they were never out of the Union. Either, then, says the *Herald*, all the reconstruction laws of Congress are invalid, or these Southern ratifications of the fifteenth amendment are invalid. If the States were in the Union there was no need to admit them, and if they were not in the Union they could not participate in making laws for States that are in.

NEGRO VOTING.—The Altoona *News*, upon the presumption that the negro will be admitted to the ballot box, pertinently asks: But how is he to reach it in Pennsylvania? Our constitution positively forbids negro voting. It cannot be changed in time for the next election. Every election officer is sworn to support the constitution of Pennsylvania. He cannot receive the negro's ballot without perjuring himself. What shall he do? If he obeys the amended constitution of the United States he violates his oath. If he carries out his oath, and refuses the negro's ballot, he disregards the constitution of the United States, and renders himself amenable to whatever punishment Congress may see propor to inflict, as the amendment declares that Congress shall have power to enforce its provisions.

THE FRANKING PRIVILEGE.

The following is a copy of the bill abolishing the franking privilege which was so promptly passed by the lower House of Congress:

Be it enacted, &c., That all laws and parts of laws giving the right to any officer or department of the Government, or other person, to either send or receive through the United States mails, free of charge, any letter, document, or other mailable matter, are hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*: That the act shall take effect on and after the 1st day of July, 1870.

The above is certainly sweeping. It should be adopted by the Senate and signed by the President, not an ounce of free matter will be carried in the mails after the first day of next July.

In their great readiness to respond to the request of the Postmaster General the framers of the bill forgot a main point in his recommendation. Mr. Creswell took good care to make an exception in favor of county newspapers, which are now circulated within the different counties where they are published free of postage. This is an accommodation to the people which the government ought to afford. The amount of trouble and annoyance saved to residents of the rural districts, who are the principal subscribers to county papers, more than compensates for the sum which might be saved by renewing the postage on such journals.

It is to be hoped that the Senate will so amend the House bill as to allow local papers to circulate free in the counties where published, as heretofore. The people pay dearly enough in other ways for the accommodation.

A BILL recently passed the Senate of the United States appropriating thirty thousand dollars for the temporary relief of the destitute people of the District of Columbia. When urging the adoption of this measure, Senator Hamlin remarked that "Senators could have no earthly conception of the misery and suffering of the indigent poor of the District." These indigent persons, for the most part, are negroes of whom an enormous number have been induced to go to Washington by the Radicals for political purposes. The votes of this ignorant herd make the Radical majority in the national Capital, and thus give to that party the control of local affairs and the City Treasury. The money of the city has been freely used to support and sustain the swarm of negro adherents of the dominant faction. But the demand has at last outran the supply, and hundreds of the negroes are in a deplorable condition. At this juncture, instead of sending the lazy, idle vagabonds South, where they are so much needed, if they would work, Congress is asked to feed and clothe them in order that they may remain in Washington, the allies of the Radical party. This is the history of the destitution to which Senator Hamlin refers, and it will increase and grow and multiply as long as the present party holds the reins of authority. So far as white people are concerned their wants could be easily supplied from private sources in Washington. There would be no trouble on this head. But the vagabonding negroes are the parties to be fed and taken care of. They are the "wards of the nation," who put their hands into the Treasury of the country, as a reward for voting the Radical ticket. People mourn over high taxes. They will continue to do so, while such practices prevail as those in relation to the pedigreed allies of the Radical party in Washington. *Age.*

GEN. TERRY, the military dictator now ruling in Georgia, has constituted himself a Committee on Elections, and has assumed the power to determine who are and who are not entitled to seats in the legislature. The negroes, of course, have been unseated. But their votes were not enough to give Bullock the control of that body. Accordingly, Gen. Terry, by the application of the test oath, (the very same test oath which Gen. Meade decided was not applicable to the members of the Legislature, in which decision he was sustained by Gen. Grant himself,) has pronounced disqualified a sufficient number of members to place the Bullocklites in a majority. Having, through the arbitrary intervention of Gen. Terry, unseated the members inimical to Bullock, the minions of the latter have gone a step further and now give the seats thus made vacant *to the candidates defeated by the votes of the people at the election!* Such is the latest phase of the reconstruction of reconstructed Georgia. The representatives elected by a majority of the popular vote, are driven from their seats and their places filled by those whom the people rejected. And this in the noon-day of the nineteenth century. In the *Republic* of the United States of America!—*Patriot.*

THE Presidential head is said to be badly perplexed about this time. Dawes' exposure of the extravagant expenditures of the administration, Fisk's testimony before the Committee on the Gold Swindle, the rivalry of Colfax for the succession, the profound sensitiveness of Motley at the court of St. James, the curses of the Cuban patriots, the disordered condition of financial affairs, and other irritating matters of a similar character, have operated to disturb even the stolid equanimity of the smoker of the White House. It is said that a lear, with a lesson of the equip, would be an agreeable companion compared with his Excellency at the present writing. Nothing less than the tender of a gift of a brown stone residence in New York, or Philadelphia, will gain a caller at the White House admission to his presence.—*Patriot.*

RECONSTRUCTED LOUISIANA.—The Louisiana Legislature is spending its time in devising methods of enforcing social equality between blacks and whites; a bill has been passed giving the Governor almost absolute control of the elections; and the property holders in New Orleans are holding meetings to devise means of protecting the credit of the state and the liberties of the people against ruinous legislation." Such are the fruits of reconstruction in Louisiana.

THOMAS WHITTIER was convicted at Pittsburg recently of perjury, in falsely swearing that he had purchased liquor on Sunday at a certain tavern, and was sentenced to five years and two months in the penitentiary. Whittier's intention was to get the $25 which goes to the informer. He didn't get the $25, but he got five years and two months free lodging.

UP to this time the State Legislature has refused to print any public documents, and that will account for the fact that none have been received.

LETTER FROM HARRISBURG.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 1, 1870.

Editor Compiler:—Last night the Senate passed the Philadelphia Police Bill by one majority, Senator Lowry voting with the Democrats. This is a most infamous bill. It takes the power out of the hands of the people, and legislates five Commissioners into office, with a salary of three thousand dollars a year. The act gives the appointment of the Police to these five Commissioners, who are named in the bill, and who go out of office respectively at the end of one, two, three, four and five years. This gives these scheming politicians the control of the police department for the next three years. It will undoubtedly pass the House, as they have a Republican majority of twenty in that branch.

Senator Lowry's pet scheme, a new county, to be called Petrolum, and composed of parts of Venango, Crawford and Warren counties, also passed the Senate. Titusville is to be the county seat. The recent developments and rapid increase in population in that oil producing region seem to indicate a necessity for an additional court of justice, but it is rather doubtful whether it will pass the House.

Petitions from all parts of the State numerously signed, are pouring in, asking for the passage of a law submitting the question to the vote of the people whether there shall be license or no license granted under the existing laws for the sale of intoxicating liquors. I understand that there will be a determined effort made by the friends of Temperance for the passage of an act of this kind, and it is possible that they may succeed.

There is no *Record* printed, nor will there be one this winter. This is rather mortifying to some of the Republicans, as the journal contains no debates or speeches, only the yeas and nays, titles of bills, resolutions, &c. The House has decided that there be no extra printing done this winter, and they are justified in the course pursued by the press generally throughout the State. The resolution allowing each member one hundred dollars for postage has finally received its quietus, and each Senator and Member pays his own postage. SPECTATOR.

NOT REPUBLICAN.

Among other frivolous allegations in the petition of Mr. Scull contesting the seat of Mr. Findlay in the Senate, is one that certain persons in the almshouse at Bedford voted for Mr. Findlay. This is a pretty plea for a Republican to set up in this age of universal equality. Negroes supported by the Freedmen's Bureau controlled the elections under the reconstruction acts, but white men who happen to be too poor to maintain themselves are to be denied the privilege of the ballot in free and liberal Pennsylvania! This proposition to disfranchise citizens on account of their poverty, is so revolting that even the Harrisburg correspondent of Forney's *Press* turns from it in disgust. In last Monday's issue of that paper we find the following under the head of Special Harrisburg Correspondence:

"The metropolitan police bill will depend for success on the result of the contested election cases now pending in the Senate. The Scull-Findlay case is the most important, involving facts and principles of great importance, and which we trust will be the hardest investigation fully to decide. One of the pleas made in the petition of Mr. Scull is that certain paupers were allowed to vote, and that such votes were illegal, because it is inferred that the keeper of the almshouse where these paupers were lodged overawed them and controlled their political preferences. It is not asserted that these paupers were imbecile or insane, but merely that they were paupers, or, in other words, poor men, and on this account built, as the inference is made to vote. This is a strange doctrine to appear as an argument in favor of republicanism, which claims the elective franchise for all men, irrespective of race or color, wealth or station. I do not believe it will avail this contestant, if it is the only argument or fact to oust Findlay. Scull has, of course, a case without this plea, and therefore I regret he has resorted to it, but it he cannot sustain himself on other ground his case is a poor one."

This is certainly the only view that can be taken of this matter by any man professing liberal principles. That Mr. Scull had to resort to a plea so trivial and so antagonistic to the doctrines of his party, clearly shows the weakness of his position. He has no case, and he knows it.—*Patriot.*

GO UP HIGHER.—The Radicals are rapidly pushing the negro business to the furthest extreme. Not only is it announced that twenty-six States have ratified the article known as the fifteenth amendment, leaving only two to be supplied, but, what is still more gratifying to Radical hearts, a genuine, full-blooded negro has been elected a United States Senator from the State of Mississippi. There is but one step higher, and that is to the Presidential Chair. No wonder that there is joy in the Radical camp. The name of this free American citizen Senator of African descent is H. R. Revels. He has been elected for the term ending in 1875, and Governor Alcorn will then succeed him. General Ames has been elected for the term ending in 1875. Thus we have a negro and a military carpet-bagger elected as Senators from Mississippi. How do our Conservative friends of the opposition party relish this dose of "the nigger," after having laughed at our predictions as this effect as being foolish?—*Valley Spirit.*

MORE BLOODY WORK IN HAYTI.—A dispatch from Port au Prince says that the work of the military commission which tried Salnave and sentenced him to death is not yet ended. The cases of several of his Generals, and of the most prominent and influential of his friends among the civilians, yet remain to be disposed of in Port au Prince, and in most of the southern towns the shooting of Piquets is going on briskly. At Jeremie a large number of those unfortunate people have been put to death, and at Jacmel more than forty of them are in prison, doomed to die on an early day. The spirit of vengeance has been fully roused, and the victorious revolutionists have expressed their determination to crush out the Salnave party. The Cacos are crying out for blood, and unless more moderate and merciful councils should prevail than those ruling at present, a reign of terror may be expected in Hayti.

HON. FRANK P. BLAIR, Jr., was prevented from voting in Missouri because he refused to take the oath of "loyalty" prescribed by the Constitution of that State. The Supreme Court of Missouri endorsed the action. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, and that tribunal is equally divided upon the issue. This shuts the ballot box against Mr. Blair in Missouri so long as he refuses to bow his knee to bigoted, partisan legislation.

Local Department.

TOWN, COUNTY AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES.

Snow.—We have to report a slight fall of snow here on Monday night.

Large Pocker.—Mr. Henry B. Wenner, of Straban township, killed a very fine hog on Tuesday. Though only 16 months old, it weighed 566 pounds.

Closed.—The old Washington House at York was closed as a hotel last week—to be used hereafter as a clothing Store and ladies' and gentlemen's restaurant.

Wild Cat Shot.—Mr. Wm. Benchoff recently shot a Wild Cat, on the South Mountain, near Monterey Springs, which weighed thirty-six pounds, and measured four feet in length and seventeen inches in height.

Turnpike Meeting.—Another meeting for the proposed Fairfield Turnpike will be held at Peter Schlively's, in that place, to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, at 1 o'clock. "Keep the ball rolling!"

Rough Weather.—Look out for rough weather during the next six weeks. The "ground-hog" came forth on Wednesday, and seeing his shadow, retired for another snooze of forty-two days. Leastwise so runs an old saw.

Queer Egg.—Mr. John Gruel, of this place, showed us, the other day, a hen egg but little more than half covered by a hard shell, and having at the small end a protuberance, of nipple shape, half an inch long. *Eggs* regardingary egg!

Admitted to the Bar.—On Tuesday of last week, on motion of David Wills, Esq., Mr. Rudolph M. Schick was admitted to the practice of the bar, after passing a very creditable examination.

Mr. John McPherson was admitted to the Bar at Harrisburg last week. His examination is spoken of in flattering terms.

Arrested.—On Wednesday last, Officer Rouzer arrested, in this place, William Single, (colored,) lately of Chambersburg, charged with stealing a fine dress coat and a comforter from the clothing store of Francis Cunningham, about the Holidays. The property was found by Mr. Rouzer and identified by Mr. Cunningham. Single has been committed to jail, to await trial.

Property Sales.—Dr. David S. Schaffer has sold his farm, in Straban township, to Mr. Clover, of Cumberland county—about 100 acres, with improvements, at $6,800.

At the sale of the real estate of Abel T. Wright, deceased, late of Handerson-ville, on Saturday last, the Store House and lot was bought by Jonas Romanzahn, at $345. Several town and timber lots were also sold, but we are without particulars.

Francis Ogden has sold his farm, in Franklin township—the larger portion to Mr. Marshall at $60 per acre, and the balance to Jacob Mickley, O. of D., at $70 per acre.

Henry Little recently sold his property, near McSherrystown, to John Sterner, of York county, at $750 cash.

Re-opening of the Reformed Church.—The Reformed Church in this place was re-opened for service on Sunday last, having received thorough interior repairs.

The re-painting is in excellent taste, and done in a workmanlike manner; the new carpet, green and black, is very handsome and fitting, and of course generally admired; and the new heating arrangement proves to be everything that could be desired. But not only has the audience chamber been improved. The Infant School Room has been re-painted and carpeted, whilst the Lecture Room, the vestibules, and all the blinds, have received every needed attention. The church is now one of the most comfortable we know of, and the congregation may well congratulate itself upon having so desirable a place of worship. It is the calculation that the outside be re-painted in the Spring.

The audience on the occasion of the re-opening, on Sunday, was large, occupying every seat—and the services were more than ordinarily interesting. The choir performed a number of appropriate pieces in faultless style, whilst the Pastor, Rev. W. R. H. Dentrich, gave, in connection with a brief sermon, a sketch of the congregation from its origin to this time. This paper was replete with interesting facts, and must have involved much labor and research in its preparation. We expect to give a synopsis of it in our next.

Barn Burnt.—The bank barn of Mr. John Harner, in Mountjoy township, near the Maryland Line, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday afternoon last, with two horses, all his horse gears and farming implements, and nearly his entire crop of grain, hay and straw. Loss $2,000, if not more. Application for insurance had been made, but no policy yet had. There are two theories as to the origin of the fire—one that it was the nest of some evil disposed person, and the other that it resulted from a little son of Mr. Harner's playing with a match near the straw stack in the barn yard—where the fire was first seen. Mr. Harner, absent at a sale at the time, was, upon returning, so shocked by the calamity as to cause his reason to give away.

—A letter received from a neighbor, since writing the above, gives us a few additional particulars. Two good horses and a calf, 100 bushels of wheat, with rye, oats, cloverseed, and a large quantity of hay, were consumed with the barn. Two horses and a colt were rescued from the burning building by Mrs. Harner—the men being at a sale, a mile distant. "It was fired," continues the letter, "in the straw stack in front of the barn, by his son, of seven years, who says he fired the match on a stone and threw it in the straw. Having seen the hands blasting in a new well at the barn, is where he probably got the idea from. Mr. Harner's loss will be about $2,200, which he will deeply feel. He was terribly shocked, and fears are entertained for his recovery." A good and respected citizen, his loss is deeply deplored by all who know him.

Good Haul.—One morning last week W. M. Westhefer, living in Newton township, took from a set net, which he had placed in the Conodoguinit creek, *four hundred and ninety fish*, principally of the sucker tribe. This is the largest haul that we have ever known to be lifted in the creek by a set net, if we would except the story of a venerable gentleman who lived in that locality, but now dead, and whose great weakness was extravagant fish stories. He was heard to relate on many an occasion, that many years since he caught a cat fish so large that he used the head of it for an *oats-garner!*—*Newville Star.*

Proceedings of Court.—We continue report of Quarter Sessions cases tried after the printing of our last paper:

Commonwealth vs. Henry Bitner and William Bitner.—Disturbing election in Butler township last March. The jury retired to deliberate about 11 o'clock on Thursday morning and returned about 11 o'clock on Friday morning, with a verdict of not guilty, and dividing the costs equally between Henry Bitner and Hezekiah Snyder, the prosecutor.

Com. vs. John Rether, Hezekiah Snyder, Henry Lowar and Jacob Hartzell.—Assault and battery on Henry Bitner, and riot at the election in Butler township last March. Verdict not guilty, and that Henry Bitner pay one-half the costs, Henry Lower $10 of the costs, Jacob Hartzell $10, and John Rether and Hezekiah Snyder the balance.

Com. vs. Herman E. Long.—Two cases—Conspiracy to defraud by obtaining note of $320 from Joseph A. Hemler; and issuing and attempting to negotiate a note purporting to be made by Joseph A. Hemler. The cases were tried together. The jury, after being out about twenty hours, returned a verdict on Sunday morning, finding the Defendant not guilty in both cases, and directing that he pay the costs. Defendant's counsel, on Monday morning, moved that the verdict be entered without costs. The Court allowed the motion to be entered, and ordered it to be argued at the Orphans' Court, on the 23d of February.

Com. vs. Andrew Hartman.—Surety of the peace, on oath of Mrs. Miranda Peters. Court ordered the Defendant to pay the costs and give security in $100 to keep the peace for one year.

Com. vs. John Fullwood.—Malicious mischief at Bendersville on the day of the October election. Defendant plead guilty. It being alleged to the Court that the Defendant at the time was labouring under delirium tremens, and having been confined several months in jail, he was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and the costs of prosecution, and give security in $500 to keep the peace for three years. Upon giving this security he was discharged.

Com. vs. A. Fowler.—Disturbing a religious meeting of the "United Brethren in Christ," in Union township. Defendant plead guilty. At the request of the Pastor of the church, the Court did not sentence the Defendant to imprisonment, as he had been in jail more than two months, but fined him $1 and costs of prosecution, and ordered him to give security in $100 to keep the peace for one year.

Com. vs. Jacob McDannel.—Surety of the peace, on oath of Samuel Little. The Defendant was ordered to pay the costs of prosecution and give security in $200 to keep the peace one year.

Com. vs. Wm. Kullenberger.—Surety of the peace, on oath of Rev. J. D. Jones. The Defendant was ordered to pay the costs of prosecution and give security in $200 to keep the peace one year.

Common Pleas.—The Common Pleas Court opened on Monday last. Current business occupied part of the day. In the evening a jury was called in the following case:

Levi D. Maus, surviving partner of Maus & Swope, vs. John Coslum. Assumpsit for money alleged to have been lent to wife of Defendant, during the time the Defendant was in the army, and for a small item of book account.

This case took about two days to try. It was tried a year ago, and the Court granted a new trial. Since the first trial the Legislature passed a law allowing both parties to be witnesses, and this is the first case in this county under the new law. Many new questions of evidence were raised, which consequently lengthened the case. It was contended by the Defendant that the wife had no authority given her to borrow the money, and that the husband had not ratified the loan, if one was made; also that the money was not borrowed, but paid to the wife by Mr. Swope, now dead, on account of a part of her father's estate, of which he was an Administrator. Verdict for Plaintiff for 13 cents; the jury further found that there was no tender before suit brought.

Cumberland Township School Directors vs. Lewis A. Bushman.—Summons in Assumpsit, growing out of the filling of the quota of said township in 1864. On trial as we go to press.

Appointments.—A. J. Cover, Esq., of this place, has been appointed by Judge Cadwallader, of the United States Circuit Court, Special Commissioner under the Bankrupt Act to take proof of accounts, testimony, &c.

Mr. Ashcom, Revenue Collector of the 16th District, has appointed Mr. Jacob Aughinbaugh, of this place, Deputy Collector for Adams county, with authority to sell Revenue Stamps, and in the absence of Mr. Ashcom to collect Revenue Taxes.

Trimming Grape Vines.—Mr. A. Koser says in the Newville *Star*: "I wish that you would inform your readers that they should trim their grapes now, while the frost is out of the wood. If you trim as late as the first of March, your vines will bleed to injure in the growth. Grapes planted in the spring of 1868 should now be cut down to 2 single eyes, and those cut in same manner last spring should now be cut back to 2 canes, leaving from 8 to 12 eyes on each cane. In this way you will spread your vines near the ground, which will give you more and better fruit. In regard to old vines, my idea is to let stand young, *strong* canes for next summer's bearing and cut off the old forked vines."

Almost a Fatal Mistake.—A Mrs. Groff, residing east of Berlin, while mixing up buckwheat cakes one day last week, used arsenic instead of soda, and did not discover the mistake until after the eating of the cakes, when the entire family were taken suddenly ill. Medical aid was at once summoned, and, at last accounts, the family were supposed to be out of danger. We have not been informed whether the poison was kept lying about the house, or whether it was bought for soda, but in either case it should serve as a warning to housekeepers and those usually selling these articles.—*Somerset Democrat.*

Dosing of the Wicked.—Rev. J. S. Schaff lectured in the Court House on Monday evening. The Court Room was a perfect jam. It seems that he, and Rev. J. P. Bishop withdrew from the last United Brethren Conference at Newville, owing to the fact that they hold certain views in regard to the destiny of the wicked not entertained by that church. Mr. Schaff explained his position in his lecture, taking the ground that the righteous only are immortal, whilst the wicked are annihilated at death.—*Chambersburg Spirit.*

Tax Assessments.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has notified Assessors that it is advisable to begin the assessment of the income tax immediately in all cases where persons are willing to make returns, but if a tax payer is unwilling to make a return, the Assessor cannot make any assessment or enforce any penalty for delinquency until after the first day of March. Assistant Assessors are also instructed to leave a blank form, No. 24, with every person who, in any probability, has a taxable income, and make a list of the persons with whom blanks are thus left.

Accident.—A son of Mr. Samuel Menges, of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, met with a serious accident on Thursday last, on his way home on horseback from a protracted religious meeting at the Pines church, a few miles from his residence. The horse threw him on the ground on his head, causing a severe concussion of the brain. He was taken up by neighbors who were near, in an unconscious and speechless condition, in which state he remained for about twenty-four hours. He is now doing well and will soon be about.—*Hanover Citizen.*

Horse Stolen.—On Thursday night of last week, a fine horse was stolen from the stable of Mr. J. Cramer, in West Manheim township, this county. The following morning the thieves were traced in the direction of Gettysburg, but when in the neighborhood of Littlestown all clue of the thief or thieves was lost. A saddle was also stolen the same night from the stable of J. W. Gitt, near the premises of Mr. Cramer.—*Bird.*

A Novel Wager.—The Wrightsville *Star* says that a colored man named Willmore, recently ate an opossum which weighed 9½ pounds when dressed, with four pounds of stuffing and a reasonable amount of bread, at the "Continental Hotel," in Columbia, on a wager. Willmore consumed the above and several glasses of gin in less than thirty minutes, and at last accounts was living and doing well.

Large Pike.—B. V. Devit, of Newtown, this county, caught on the 25th inst., at the fork of the Big and Little Chiques, a pike which measured 22½ inches in length and weighed 6¼ lbs. These fish are a rarity in our creeks, now.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

Business Change.—Mr. Chas. E. Kuhn has retired from the grain and produce business in Hanover, and is succeeded by Mr. Edward Eizler.

Low Prices Back Again.—Great Bargains will be sold from now until April, to make room for Spring goods. Samuel Wolf will sell Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes at greatly reduced prices—lower than any other establishment in this town. Overcoats worth $25 for $16, Overcoats worth $16 for $12, Overcoats worth $12 for $8, Overcoats worth $8 for $6; Dress Coats worth $18 for $13, Dress Coats worth $15 for $11, Dress Coats worth $12 for $8, Dress Coats worth $10 for $6 50, Dress Coats worth $8 for $6; and good everyday Coats for $2, $3 50, $4 50 and $5. Vests at astonishingly low prices. Pants at $1, $2 and $3. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry lower than the lowest. As Sam. is determined not to be undersold, do not fail to call at Samson's old corner—northwest corner of the Diamond. tf

Bargains! Bargains!—To make room for Spring Goods, Capt. Norris will sell Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and everything in his line, at *less than cost.*

Overcoats worth $15 for $12, Overcoats worth $12 for $9, Overcoats worth $10 for $7, Overcoats worth $8 for $6; Dress Coats worth $15 for $10, Dress Coats worth $12 for $8, Dress Coats worth $10 for $7, Dress Coats worth $8 for $6; and good Coats for everyday wear for $2, $3, $4, and $5; good Vests for $1, $1 50 and $2; good Pants for $1 50, $2 and $3.

Norris is determined to reduce his stock before Spring. So, if you want bargains, don't fail to call at Arnold's old corner. tf

Get Your Deeds.—W. D. Holtzworth, Esq., whose term as Register and Recorder has just expired, requests all persons who have Deeds recorded in that office to call for them. All have been recorded, and the fees in many cases paid. He hopes there will be no unnecessary delay in lifting these Deeds. tf

Farmers, This Way.—Bigham & Co. are the agents for the Champion and the Buckeye Reapers and Mowers, the best machines now in use. Farmers wishing to get a good machine and one that will give entire satisfaction, should not fail to call on Bigham & Co., at their Warehouse, on North Washington street, Gettysburg, Pa. Come one, come all, and see the world renowned machines. tf

If any of our readers want a fine Hat, of the latest style, and in the tip of the fashion—or Cap for man or boy—we advise them to call on Col. S. S. McCreary, Chambersburg street, where they will find just the article they want. Col. McCreary is a practical Hatter, a good judge of Hats, and knows what is what and sells cheap. Give him a call. 2w

By reading Cook's advertisement, in another column, you will learn where to buy Cooking Stoves, Tinware, &c., at reduced prices. 3m

Attention, Farmers.—Try the celebrated Patent Elastic Rubber-lined Collars, Saddles and Pads. Warranted to prevent horses from galling and to heal up work horses already galled, if properly fitted, and sore necks and backs, if kept clean with cold water and Castile soap, or no pay. For sale by J. W. Cress, manufacturer's agent, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 17. tf

A Word to the Wise.—Persons going to House-keeping this spring would do well to call at Col. C. H. Buehler's extensive Ware-room, near the Passenger depot, on Carlisle street, who has on hand a very large assortment of Stoves of the best manufacture, Cooking, Parlor, Office, and Chamber Stoves, for wood or coal; also Hollow Ware, Tin Ware, Japan Ware, Britannia Ware, Bird Cages, and a general assortment of Kitchen utensils, necessary in house-keeping, and at very low prices. tf

If you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes, at exceedingly low prices, go to D. H. Klingel's Boot and Shoe Store, on Baltimore street. His stock is full and complete, embracing the latest styles, and best materials and workmanship. He feels that he will be able to please all who may call. 2c

H. B. Woods is selling Fine French Calf-skin Boots at $6 a pair, that can't be equalled in Adams county, in quality, for the price. 3t

HOW WASHINGTON CITY IS GOVERNED.

There is a fierce quarrel going on in Washington between the two wings of the Republican party over the municipal offices. Affairs have been so badly managed by the present officials as to cause a revolt in the Radical ranks, and a meeting, embracing many of the best white men of the party, was held for the purpose of expressing their views and devising some remedy for existing evils. The room in which they were assembled was invaded by a gang of disorderly negroes, who had been supplied with liquor and urged on by the city officials, who desire to hold on to their nice fat places.

The result was, says the Lancaster *Intelligencer*, that the assembly was completely at the mercy of a howling mob of blacks, and the objects of the meeting completely defeated. This is as a specimen of the kind of order which prevails at the National Capital since the admission of negroes to the rights of citizenship. Bad, incompetent and dishonest men have been elected by negro votes, and the municipal affairs have been so filly and extravagantly managed that the decent white citizens of Washington, without respect to party, are largely in favor of abolishing the present system of municipal government altogether, and of transferring the entire control of the city to a Commission to be appointed by Congress.

But for the fact that all the influence of the Administration was exerted to elect the present incompetent and corrupt officials, Washington city would not be so sadly misgoverned as it is at present. It is now in a sad condition truly, and there seems to be no hope of relief except in the abolition of popular government, and the transfer of power to a set of Commissioners chosen by Congress. What a commentary is furnished upon the policy of the Radicals by these facts!

By law the limitation on income taxes expires during the present year; and although the Commissioner of Internal Revenue has, in his annual report, recommended the continuance of this tax, either at five per centum or a reduced rate, Congress has not acted upon the same. The question is now mooted as to when this limitation expires, and the matter has been carefully examined by the officials of the Treasury Department, with a view to its determination. Although no definite action has been announced, it is known that the Commissioner will decide that income taxes are to be assessed up to the end of and including the current year of 1870, and that the levy will be made accordingly. This will be a matter of surprise to the taxpayers, and occasion quite an excitement among those who return large incomes. It is understood that strong opposition will be made to the further continuance of this tax by Congress.

THE COLORED MINISTER FROM HAYTI.—Under the head of "Society in Washington," the *Star* announces that Gen. Tate, (colored,) Minister to this government from the republic of Hayti, was at Mrs. Thornton's reception, Thursday evening, in company with his wife. They were courteously treated, and some time sat in conversation with the President and Mrs. Grant on the raised platform, where none but the dignitaries were invited. Mrs. Tate, who is an octoroon, was escorted to the supper room by General Babcock, one of the President's secretaries.

Look out for "social equality."

PEABODY, MASS., January 31.—The funeral of George Peabody is officially announced to take place here on Tuesday, February 8th, at 11 o'clock, in the South Congregational Church. On the arrival of the funeral train tomorrow the remains will be escorted to the Peabody Institute from the railroad depot by a battalion of United States troops and the Sutton Guards of this town. While the remains lay in state the doors of the Institute will be open to visitors from the 2d to the 7th February inclusive, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 5 P. M., Sunday excepted.

JOHN DEAL, convicted at Reading, of the murder of Richard M. Harlan, was on Monday sentenced to be hanged, and received the sentence with an entire lack of concern. He has written a statement that Harlan drew a weapon on him and demanded his effects, and that he struck him with a hatchet not knowing at the time that the blow would prove fatal.

THE Southern negroes who accept the carpet-baggers for their guides and teachers begin to exhibit the results of their education. In Pensacola, Fla., recently, a black mob attacked a party of white laborers for seeking work at loading ships in the bay, and succeeded in driving them ashore.

THE bill for a Navy Yard at League Island was killed in Congress last week.

Cabbage Seed.—If you wish to raise the largest and best cabbage ever grown, send your orders for seed to S. Weldner, as advertised in another column. 2w

The question has often been asked by those interested, "Can I have my gray hair restored to its natural color, without coloring the skin? and can my thin locks be thickened up?" We answer, "It can;" and would advise you to read a treatise on the hair, which is published by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H., who send it free, upon application. They are the proprietors of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer. We learn from it, that the hair, in a perfect state of health, is constantly falling out, and new hair grows from the same tubes; but, in cases of any disease of the scalp, or by the use of alcoholic preparations, the hair-tube becomes contracted at its mouth, and prevents the new follicle from reaching the surface. Their preparation will create a perfectly healthy condition of the scalp, and by its tonic properties, will preserve and strengthen the roots of the hair.—*Statesman, Des Moines, Iowa.* 1t

Dr. Sagee's Catarrh Remedy produces perfect cures of the worst cases of Catarrh, "*Cold in the Head*," Coryza and Catarrhal Headache, as hundreds of testimonials from well known citizens and eminent physicians who have used it in their practice abundantly testify. It is mild, pleasant, and unirritating. The proprietor offers $500 for a case of Catarrh that he cannot cure. This Remedy sent to any address by mail on receipt of sixty cents. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by most druggists everywhere. 1t

"*Cleansing the Blood*," upon which charlatans have harped so much, is not a mere catch-word and delusion. The microscope shows that some diseases exist like parasitic growths upon the globules of the blood, and it is further known that some subtle substances destroy or expel them. These substances have been combined to make Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which does effectually expel the disorders that breed and rankle in the blood to rot out as it were the machinery of life.—*Mercer, Pa., Whig.* 1t

New Cooking Stove.—The attention of Housekeepers is invited to the EXCELSIOR PENN COOK STOVE, which has recently been brought into the market, and bids fair to throw all other Stoves into the shade. This Stove *took the first premium* at the State Fair held in Harrisburg last fall. Among its peculiar merits are the large Oven and Flues, and general simplicity, not being encumbered with unnecessary appendages, which in many stoves only enhance the cost without being of practical use. For beauty of design, quality of material, and general excellence, it cannot be excelled. The price is lower than any other first-class Cook Stove in market, and yet is warranted to cook and bake equal to the best. The Excelsior Penn Cook can be seen at the Warerooms of Col. C. H. Buehler, on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, who is the Agent for this place. Call and see it. tf

Winter Coming.—Winter is coming, and Coberan & Cuningham have made arrangements to meet the wants of the public by their large assortments of all kinds of Ready-made Clothing, for Fall and Winter wear, for men and Boys—also, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c., which they are selling very low. tf

Lumber.—The attention of Carpenters and Builders is invited to the extensive assortment at the Lumber Yard of Col. C. H. Buehler, on Carlisle st., opposite the Passenger Depot. River and Mountain Pine, Hemlock, Laths, Siding, Joists, Scantling, Shingles, Pickets, Flooring, Posts, &c., &c., furnished in any quantity and at lowest rates. tf

MARKET REPORTS.

Gettysburg.

FLOUR,	5 50
RYE FLOUR,	4 50
WHITE WHEAT,	1 20
RED WHEA

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Thirty Deadly Poisons,

[illegible] Chemist," are [illegible] color of the [illegible] Vegetable Pills that they effect no [illegible] and that their sale is [illegible]

STARKEY'S PURE HAIR DYE, [illegible] analyzed by Professor Lieber, the first of analytical chemists, pronounced it *free from all poisons*, as well as [illegible] Sold everywhere. Office, 53 Maiden Lane, New York.

STARKEY'S HAIR PRESERVATIVE [illegible] Jan. 21, 1870. 1m

Allcock's Porous Plasters.

[illegible] ALLCOCK'S HERBS TO MOSS ROSE HAMS, held in Dowlais township.

Hymen.

On the 5th ult., by the Rev. [illegible] MARY A. BRENNEMAN, [illegible]

On the 27th ult., at Emmanuelstown, by Rev. B. A. Sadler, Mr. HENRY C. LOW to Miss MARIA GROFF, both of Oxford township.

Death.

On the 3d inst., in Cumberland township, [illegible] ELIZABETH MILLER, wife of Capt. George E. Edwards, of Company [illegible] 20 months and 9 days.

On the 12th ult., at the residence of her son-in-law, James Wolford, in Franklin township, Mrs. MARY C. McPANNELL, aged 80 years, 8 months and 4 days.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On THURSDAY, the 10th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Cumberland township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

The Gettysburg Compiler.

MARRIED.

[illegible]

DIED.

[illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 8th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of MARCH next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Reading township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On MONDAY, the 28th day of FEBRUARY next, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of JACOB ECKERT, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at his late residence, in Germany township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On SATURDAY, the 12th day of FEBRUARY next, the undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On SATURDAY, the 26th day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Franklin township, Adams county, on the road leading from Gettysburg to Hunterstown, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On TUESDAY, the 22d day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, in Reading township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 23d day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at the Stone Tavern, on the top of the South Mountain, on the road leading from Fairfield to Gettysburg, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

PUBLIC SALE

OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—On WEDNESDAY, the 16th day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, Administrator of the estate of Peter Bollinger, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said deceased, in Tyrone township, Adams county, the following valuable personal property, viz: [illegible]

Ayer's HAIR VIGOR,

For Restoring GRAY HAIR to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair.

Faded or gray hair is restored to its original color with the glossy freshness of youth. This fluid, by thickening the hair, makes it lie close, and imparts a lasting beauty. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved by the stimulus by this application. Instead of leaving the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If want of merely hair

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, nor yet leave long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a genteel perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

Price $1 a bottle.

A. D. Buehler, Agent.

Jan. 21, 1870. 1y

$8,000 WANTED.

PERSONS desiring to invest from $2,000 to $8,000 in perfectly safe Real Estate security, at 6 per cent. interest, free from all State and local taxation, will make immediate application to either of the undersigned.

M. McLEAN,

Pres't Board of Trustees of Penn'a College.

A. D. BUEHLER,

Treasurer.

Dec. 17, 1869. tf

WHERE? WHERE?

WHERE? DID YOU BUY THAT NICE NEW SUIT? WHY, AT S. WOLF'S CLOTHING STORE,

In the Diamond, Corner of the Square, TOWN OF GETTYSBURG, COUNTY OF ADAMS, AND STATE OF PENN.

THAT'S THE PLACE,

the very place, to BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS! in everything—Over Coats, Dress Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Undershirts, White Shirts, Collars, Neck Ties, Gloves, Comforts, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Checks, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades, Tweeds, Tennis, Carpet Rags, Valises, Umbrellas, and ten thousand other articles, all on account of his desire to sell. Call, examine, be convinced, buy, and be glad.

Highest market prices paid for all kinds of FURS.

Nov. 24, 1869. tf

Dr. ROBERT HORNER

HAS RESUMED

THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE,

Office at his Drug Store, Chambersburg St.

GETTYSBURG,

ALSO DEALER IN

PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES, SPICES,

BAKING SODA, DYE STUFFS,

PATENT MEDICINES, &c.

Jan. 11, 1870. tf

PRINTERS

CAN GET

Types, Presses, and Printing Material generally,

at greatly reduced prices from

VANDERBURG, WELLS & CO.,

130 Fulton Street, and 15 and 17 Dutch Street, New York.

Makers of Wood Type, Gimlets, California and other ornamental Columns, Chairs, Stands and Gallows.

FACTORY, JAMESBURG, NEW JERSEY.

N. B.—YOUNG'S excellent COPYHOLDERS and everything of recent production in the line.

Jan 21, 1870. 3m

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

American Wheat Culturist.

A practical treatise on the Culture of Wheat, by R. Ellsworth Todd. 132 *pages, illustrated, price* $250, worth many times its cost to any farmer. We give Agents the LARGEST COMMISSIONS paid, and Exclusive Territory. Address TAINTOR BROS, 678 Broadway, New York. Jan. 7, 1870. 3m

For Sale.

I have several DWELLING HOUSES and a number of choice BUILDING LOTS for sale.

R. G. McCREARY.

Jan. 15, 1870. tf

OYSTER SALOON!

JOHN GRUEL,

CHAMBERSBURG ST., GETTYSBURG,

next door to Eagle Hotel.

Announces to his friends that in addition to the CONFECTIONARY business he has opened an Oyster Saloon, where during the season he will keep constantly on hand

FRESH OYSTERS,

the best the market can afford, with special accommodations for

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

Give us a call. tf

Jan. 14, 1870. tf

FINE DWELLING HOUSE

FOR SALE.

EIGHT Rooms, Kitchen, Out-building, good Garden, Fruit &c., all in elegant order, and within the borough. Apply to

R. G. McCREARY,

Gettysburg, Pa.

May 14, 1869. tf

Fresh Garden, Flower, Fruit, Herb, Tree, Shrub and Evergreen Seeds, with directions for culture, prepaid by mail. The most complete and judicious assortment in the country. Agents wanted.

25 Sorts of other for $1.00; prepaid and mailed. Also Small Fruits, Plants, Bulbs, all the new Potatoes, &c., prepaid by mail. 4 lbs. *Early Rose* Potato, prepaid, for $1.00. Conover's Colossal Asparagus, $3 per 100; $25 per 1000, prepaid. New Illustrated Descriptive Catalogue, large, lithographed, 50 cts. each prepaid. True Cape Cod Cranberry, Strawberry, Raspberry and Grape Vines, $1.00 per 100, prepaid, with directions. Priced Catalogue to any address, gratis; also issued in German. Sent on Consignment. B. M. WATSON, Old Colony Nurseries and Seed Warehouse, Plymouth, Mass. Established 1842.

Dec. 24, 1869. 1m

WESTERN

Pre-Emption Lands.

I HAVE on hand a few TRACTS of No. 1 second hand, pre-emption lands, located near Railroads, County Towns, &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell or exchange at a fair price for Real Estate in Adams county, Pa.

GEORGE ARNOLD.

STOVES, TIN-WARE, &C.

S. G. COOK

has a large assortment of

Stoves, Tin-ware and House-furnishing Goods.

He manufactures largely, and keeps none but approved articles, uses the best materials, warrants all his work, and sells as cheaply as a fair living profit will allow; in fact he follows no other to undersell him.

ROOFING AND SPOUTING

put up at short notice. Job work done quickly and well.

COOKING STOVES,

of the best patterns, warranted to bake and give satisfaction in every respect, among which is the new celebrated PENNSYLVANIA COOK, a stove that cannot be excelled to baking, or to cooking, as hundreds of persons who use it can testify. Also the ONEIDA CENTRAL, the NORTH CROWN, and many other patterns equally from the best in the market.

COPPER, BRASS, and IRON WARE in endless variety. TEA and TABLE SPOONS, KNIVES and FORKS, of the finest quality, COFFEE MILLS, SAD IRONS, COAL HODS and SHOVELS, IRON BOILERS and KETTLES, and many other articles too numerous to mention. Call and be convinced that the Tinware Ware Room is not almost every article used for cooking or table use.

Repairing done on short notice, and all work warranted to give satisfaction.

Gettysburg, Jan. 28, 1870. 3m

REPORT

OF the condition of the GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK, at the close of business, Jan. 24th, 1870.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	$175,710 47
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
U. S. Bonds and securities on hand	50,000 00
Due from National Banks	25,300 00
Due from Redeeming and Reserve Agents	23,153 71
Due from other National Banks	127 12
Due from other Banks and Bankers	500 00
Banking House	2,200 00
Current Expenses	796 47
Taxes Paid	246 17
Premiums paid	1,000 00
Cash Items	68 82
Bills of other Banks	850 00
Fractional Currency	30 00
Specie	50 00
Legal Tender Notes	20,500 00
	$402,931 05
LIABILITIES.	
Capital Stock paid in	$100,000 00
Surplus Fund	20,000 00
Discount	4,591 74
Profit and Loss	5,054 82
National Bank circulation outstanding	179,900 00
State Bank circulation outstanding	1,067 00
Individual Deposits	192,016 93
Due to National Banks	1,059 86
Due to other Banks and Bankers	207 92
Dividends unclaimed	1,130 50
	$402,931 05

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, ss.

I, J. Emory Bair, Cashier of the above named National Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. EMORY BAIR, *Cashier.*

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 27th day of January, 1870.

JOHN M. KEEFER, Assistant Assessor, 12th Div. 16th Dist. Pa.

Correct. Attest:

D. M. BARNITZ,
DAVID WILLS,
H. KESSLER, } Directors.

Jan. 28, 1870. 3t

AGENTS WANTED FOR

HOW TO MAKE THE FARM PAY.

By C. W. BICKNELL, Hon. CHARLES L. FLINT, and other Practical Writers.

NEARLY 500 pages on fine calendered paper made extensively for this work, from new, clear and open types, and will be illustrated with 100 ENGRAVINGS by Bricher, Gilman and others. Also, a splendid colored frontispiece, combining eighteen specimens of the choicest varieties of Apples, Grapes, &c.

IS ENGLISH AND GERMAN.

THIS BOOK is a sure, and practical guide to every Farmer, Stock Raiser, Gardener and Fruit Culturist. By it they can double their profits in a few years, and greatly increase the value of their lands. It makes the poor man rich, it makes hard work easier, it rewards the labor of honest working men. It is purchased by almost every one at sight. Nearly eight sold in a few small townships, and, in many cases, hundreds in a single township. Agents can find no better work during the fall and winter. Farmers and the industrious can make $100 per month by selling only 10 to 20 or four copies per day. Wide-awake men can find this a most profitable business. Farmers always make the most successful agents for this book, and during the past year it has been the means of helping them. If you wish to engage in the business, send to a circular containing full description and terms, which will be mailed free. Address ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.

61 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
50 Court Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
19 Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.
507 N. Sixth Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Main and Walnut Streets, Springfield, Mass.

Jan. 14, 1870. 2w

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

Buck Lead Excels all other LEADS!

1st. For its Unrivaled WHITENESS.
2nd. For its Unequaled DURABILITY.
3d. For its Unsurpassed COVERING PROPERTY.

Lastly, for its ECONOMY.

$10 Pounds of Buck Lead go with Buck Lead than any other White Lead or Zinc. The same weight covers MORE SURFACE, is MORE DURABLE, and makes WHITER WORK.

BUCK LEAD is the Cheapest and Best.

$10,000 GUARANTEE.

Buck Zinc Excels all other ZINCS.

1st. For its Unequaled DURABILITY.
2nd. For its Unrivaled WHITENESS.
3d. For its Unsurpassed COVERING PROPERTY.

Lastly, for its Great ECONOMY,

being the CHEAPEST, HANDSOMEST and most DURABLE White Paint in the world.

BUY ONLY

BUCK LEAD AND BUCK ZINC:

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED.

Satisfaction Guaranteed by the Manufacturers.

BUCK COTTAGE COLORS,

Prepared expressly for Painting COTTAGES, OUTBUILDINGS of every description, FENCES, &c. THIRTY-FIVE DIFFERENT COLORS. Durable, Cheap, Uniform, and Beautiful Shades.

Sample cards sent by Mail if desired.

Dealers' orders will be promptly executed by the Manufacturers.

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,

N. W. COR. TENTH & MARKET STREETS, PHILADELPHIA.

Jan. 21, 1870. 1y

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

JEWELLERS

AND

IMPORTERS,

902 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,

KEEP ONLY

FIRST-CLASS GOODS.

AN IMMENSE VARIETY OF

GOLD WATCHES,
DIAMONDS,
JEWELRY,
SILVER WARE,
WEDDING SILVER

PLATED WARE,
CLOCKS, BRONZES,
FOREIGN FANCY GOODS,
FINE PAINTINGS, &c., &c.

All persons desiring really fine articles, reliable in quality and moderate in price, are certain to be pleased by our exceedingly large and varied collection. Our stock is kept always fresh by additions from foreign markets. Our store is pronounced one of the most elegant in the world; and any parties visiting the city are cordially invited to call and inspect it at their leisure.

Jan. 21, 1870. 1y

Grimley's Nervine Cordial Cures Fits, Fits,

THIS valuable medicine has cured hundreds of Epileptic Fits, Spasms and Convulsions, and it is the only reliable remedy known. Fits have been cured for years, and no other side of the Atlantic, and needless to be tried to be at highly thought of in the United States as in Europe. Send for sample free of charge. Sold only by

TILOS. GRIMLEY, Druggist,
451 Fourth Avenue, New York.

Jan. 7, 1870. 3m

THE BEST! THE BEST

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

A WEEKLY illustrated journal of 16 pages, devoted to Steelwork, Agricultural Improvements, Chemical Science, and NEW Discoveries. Only Year $32 pages.

$1,500 CASH in Prizes will be paid for clubs of subscribers, in the 30th of February.

A handsome large steel plate ENGRAVING of 10 distinguished American inventors, presented to subscribers.

Specimens of paper, prospectuses, and blanks for patents, sent free. Terms, $3 a year; $1.50 for 6 months. Discount to clubs. A book of importance to all about to apply for patents sent free. Write for full particulars concerning prizes and patents.

MUNN & CO.,
Publishers and Patent Solicitors,
37 Park Row, New York.

Jan. 7, 1870. 1m

Jesse D. Keller,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

Post Office, Hanover, York county, Penn'a.

☞ Surveys made in any part of this and adjacent counties.

Dec. 3, 1869. 1y

1870. 1870.

H. B. WOODS,

Corner of York street and the Diamond,

GETTYSBURG,

continues to sell

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS,

SHOES, CARPETS,

HATS, &c.

at the lowest prices in town.

Jan. 7, 1870. tf

JUST THE PLACE

TO GET

CHEAP

Boots and Shoes!

I WILL SELL

MY ENTIRE STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT

COST!

CALL AND BE CONVINCED!

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS!

DON'T MISTAKE THE PLACE,

ON BALTIMORE STREET,

Nearly opposite the COMPILER *Office, Gettysburg.*

D. H. KLINGEL.

Jan. 11, 1870. tf

ESTABLISHED 1839.

TIPTON & MYERS'

EXCELSIOR GALLERIES

YORK STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

PICTURES OF ALL STYLES.

VIEWS OF THE BATTLE-FIELD.

Send Stamp for Catalogue.

FRAMES, ALBUMS, &c., &c., &c.

Nov. 26, 1869. tf

J. L. SCHICK

has the Largest and Best Selected Stock of

DRY GOODS

AND

NOTIONS,

that has been brought to Gettysburg this Fall.

EAGLE LIVERY,

Sale and Exchange Stables,

Opposite Eagle Hotel, Chambersburg St.

THE undersigned have opened the LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLES in this place, and are prepared to furnish accommodations in this line. We have the best conveyances with

BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, HACKS, LIGHT WAGONS, &c.

of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demands. Our horses are good, without spot or blemish, and persons can always depend on our "old cripples," but all at the "2.40" speed.

Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties by the day or week can just get what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the battle-field patronized, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties convayed to and from the depots on the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses boarded, sold or exchanged, and wagons change for buggies given. Our motto is "fair play and no cheating."

☞ Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞ We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately, and by furnishing reliable accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.

P. J. TATE,
W. D. BOLTZWORTH.

Dec. 31, 1869. tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S

LOCK-STITCH

Family Sewing Machine.

OVER 450,000 NOW IN USE.

EXAMINE IT BEFORE BUYING ANY OTHER.

SOLD ON LEASE PLAN,

Ten Dollars per Month.

PETERSON & CARPENTER, *General Agents.*

General Office for Adams county, JACOBS BUILDING, Chambersburg street, GETTYSBURG, Pa.

Nov. 12, 1869. 6m

The Cucumber Wood

PUMP!!

One dozen reasons why this is the best Pump manufactured in America for

WELLS AND CISTERNS.

1. It is simple. 2. It is reliable. 3. It is Durable. 4. It Works very Easily. 5. It Draws Water rapidly. 6. It will Wood. 7. It Wood in Tasteless. 8. It does not Crack in the Sun. 9. It can not freeze up and of order. 10. Should any accident happen to it, it can be repaired easily by any person. 11. It will not freeze. 12. It is cheaper than any other reliable Pump manufactured.

TESTIMONIALS.

In testimony of the superior character of this Pump, we refer, by permission, to the following persons who have had it in use, and tested it with entire satisfaction:

Jer. Bloesser, Franklin twp.; Geo. Smith, Franklin twp.; Jos. Myers, Arnold Lives, Franklin Cross, Geo. Oburg, H. F. Richard, Germany twp.; Peter Shively, Cumberland; Daniel King, Fairfield; Wm. Young, Mountjoy twp.; Andrew Hawersock, Tyrone twp.

Persons desiring Pumps for wells or cisterns, can have them introduced in the ground and ready for use by sending the depth of the well or cistern. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases or no payment required.

Orders by mail or otherwise promptly attended to.

JOSEPH KINKLE,
McKnightstown, Adams co. Pa.

Nov. 19, 1869. tf

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE!

Proof Positive of its Excellence over all others,

CERTIFICATES FROM PERSONS NOW USING THE HOWE.

ADAMS CO., FREEDOM TWP., Jan. 1, 1870.

I the undersigned, purchased a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, and, finding it a few weeks I found it not to be as represented by the parties I purchased from, and they could not make it work satisfactorily, and refused to repossess themselves of the Machine and return my obligations. I then disposed of it and purchased a Howe, which has given perfect satisfaction.

ABRAHAM WAYRIGHT.

SHIPPENSBURG, Oct. 9, 1869.

For over one year I had in use in my family one of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines; it was not equal to the Howe I often had on hand. I then disposed of it and purchased the Howe Family Sewing Machines; it works delightful in all particulars and has never failed to render good work. We have the entire satisfaction in all kinds of use, from the finest to the heaviest materials. I feel free to recommend the Howe to all who wish to purchase a superior family machine.

MRS. WATSON CRAIG.

SHIPPENSBURG, Oct. 9, 1869.

I have used the Howe Family Sewing Machine for more than two years and admirably pronounce it a superior machine. We have found it sufficient to accomplish all the heaviest materials. Its simple construction and the great range of work it is able to perform, is sufficient recommendation to all who wish a first-class machine. We purchased Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, which we have for over one year, sold it and bought the Howe Machine, which is by odds superior to the Wheeler & Wilson as a family machine.

MRS. WILLIAM LYNN.

SHIPPENSBURG, Aug. 16, 1869.

Having used a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for more than a year, I found that it would not do the range of work I had a necessity for, and occasion to dispose of it. I purchased a Howe Family Sewing Machine which does all the class of work I desire, and I find it satisfactory and would recommend it to all who want a No. 1 Sewing Machine.

MRS. PRISCILLA E. BOKER.

SHIPPENSBURG, Aug. 16, 1869.

I have used a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for more than a year, and having satisfactory for family purposes, I sold it and bought a Howe Family Sewing Machine, which I have been using for some time, and take pleasure in recommending it as a good Family Machine. For the simplicity and great range of work it cannot be excelled.

MRS. JOHNSON SNODDY,

SHIPPENSBURG, Aug. 16, 1869.

I have used a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for over one year, and having sold it I purchased a Howe Family Sewing Machine which has been used for some time, and take pleasure in recommending it as a good Family Machine.

MRS. FREDERICK CRESSLER.

J. S. THOMAS, *Agent.*

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A LAXATIVE MEDICINE.

PERHAPS no one medicine is so universally required by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this mild and efficient purgative *Pill*. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more agreeable purgative than any other. Those who have tried it know that it cured them; those who have not have heard their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its compounder. We have thousands upon thousands of certificates of the remarkable cures of the following complaints, but space allows only a very brief enumeration of them.

Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dropsy, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Ringworm, Gravel, Colic, Dysentery, Worms, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Suppression, Paralysis, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Prostration, Headache, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Ringworm, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Piles, Dropsy, Suppression, Costiveness, Colic, Flatulence, Worms, Gravel, Paralysis, Stone and Gravel, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Inflammation, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Fever, Inflammation, Fever and Ague, Fever, Congestion, Inflammation, Suppression, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, Gravel, Stone and Gravel, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Ringworm, Scurvy, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Costiveness, Piles, Blindness, Headache, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Gravel, Colic, Paralysis, Worms, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Fever, Ague, Congestion, Inflammation, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Fever, Congestion, Inflammation, Suppression, Costiveness, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Prostration, Headache, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Ringworm, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Piles, Dropsy, Suppression, Costiveness, Colic, Flatulence, Worms, Gravel, Paralysis, Stone and Gravel, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Inflammation, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Fever, Inflammation

Farming and Housekeeping.

TRAINING HORSES TO BE SAFE.

It is easy to train a horse not to be dangerous. It is easy, but it we coll, patience, and good sense, too, and lots too. Some colts are so frightened into run, it never have all difficulty to train them. It is not to be gentle and quiet under almost any circumstances; and a year hence, nothing unusual should happen to terrify him, he would run to his master sooner than run away from him. A horse properly trained will always look to the rider or driver in the time of fright, for protection; and instead of kicking and tearing everything to pieces, when scared, he will, when he sees you standing by him, and feels your hand on his head or on the rein, put his trust in you, and regard you as his only hope in time of danger.

This was often illustrated during the war. All who served in the cavalry or artillery have seen how terribly frightened a horse appeared the moment his rider tumbled from his saddle. It mattered not how loud the thunder of the gun roared in battle, nor how great the profusion in the heat of deadly strife the horse seemed unconscious of danger until left alone, without a rider or attendant. The moment the rider's hold was released and the steed found himself separated from the one he was trained to regard as his protector, that moment he became furiously wild, and would begin to neigh and run in every direction, oftentimes pressing into the group in the front rank, seeming to find comfort by rubbing his sides against the legs of the riders of other horses.

Every farmer who raises colts, could, with a little care, make them familiar with the saddle and harness on their back or under their belly, and also teach them to hold back a carriage on a down hill grade by bracing their hips against it. A horse taught in that way would not be scared if the rollen breast strap should give away, or the pole break, and let the carriage against him.

APPOINTMENTS.—The following appointments were made by the U. B. in Christ at their Conference convened at Newville, Pa.:—

Chambersburg District, Z. A. Colestock, P. E. Chambersburg Station, to be supplied; Shippensburg Station, J. M. Bishop; Mechanicsburg Station, S. A. Mowry; Oberlown Station, J. P. Anthony; Rocky Spring Station, A. Tripner; Big Spring Station, J. C. Wenger; Greenwood Station, J. N. Quigy; Alto Dale Circuit, J. S. Wentz; Mercersburg Circuit, J. Fohl; Shippensburg Circuit, G. Wagoner; Path Valley Circuit, H. E. Fulton; Carlisle Circuit, H. Brown, John Dickson, Bishop, Western Mis ssion District.

York District, W. B. Raber, P. E. Baltimore, First Church, N. Altman; Baltimore, Second Church, H. A. Slough; Baltimore Third Church, C. Snyder; York Station, S. C. Smith; Shocks Station, W. Davis, one to be supplied; Dancannon Station, G. W. Lichtner; Littlestown Circuit, J. F. Sadler; York Circuit, P. Corl and A. Rice; York Spring Circuit, S. A. Young; Hanover Circuit, J. Bayer Jones; Jefferson Circuit, F. Grim; Liverpool Circuit, H. Tonner; Perry Circuit, A. W. Brauer; Ickesburg Circuit, G. H. Raber; Manchester Circuit, J. B. Hutchinson; Goldsboro Circuit, W. Hunsberger; D. Early, Prof. College Hill College, York, Pa.

During the past year $200 was raised for Missionary purposes, and at the late Conference $800 in addition was raised.

The Reason.—Astronomers have found that the sun is 4,000,000 miles nearer the earth than we have been taught to consider it. This accounts for the present *warm* weather.

AN invention has been brought forward in England by which, it is claimed, bread can be made directly from the grain with ut grinding.

A BOSTON rat carried one hundred and eighty-eight persons the other day.

BROWN SUGAR is to be worth forty cents a pound next year, according to the Havana papers.

A SPUNKY bride in Port Hope, Ont., married the groomsman because the bridegroom was too drunk to stand up.

"I KNOW of no such thing as genius," said Hogarth to Mr. Dilbert Cooper; "genius is nothing but diligence."

SARATOGA sends away twenty thousand tons of mineral water annually.

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.—ON TUESDAY, the 5th day of FEBRUARY next, the subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public sale, at his residence, in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, three miles above Carroll's Tract, on the road leading to Gettysburg, the following stock and farming implements, as follows:

TEN HEAD OF HORSES, one a year Mare, nine heavy, well calculated for ploughing and driving; One year old Colt, Half Mare, 1 Black Colt, 2 fat Steers, a lot of Sheep, 1 large Litter of Shoats, 1 Narrow tread Wagon, both four-horse, 1 One or Two-horse Wagon, nearly new, 1 Dump Cart, 1 Spring Wagon, 1 Pair Bay Ladders, 2 Threshing Machines and Screen, 1 Winnowing Mill, 1 Horse Rake, 2 Two-horse Ploughs, 1 Three-horse Plough, and Single Shovel Ploughs, Corn and Potato Hooks and Cultivators, 2 Harrows, Double and Single Trees, Spreaders, Sets of Breeching, Sets of Front gears, Bridles, Collars, Wagon Saddle and Line, Butt and Breast Chains, Fifth Chain, Halter and Cow Chains, Log Chains, Carrying Chain, Jack-screw, Axes, a lot of Tools, Forks, Rakes, and a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN MORITZ.

Jacob Mickley, Auctioneer.
January 7, 1870. ts

BORDER DAMAGES.

CLAIMANTS for damages sustained in Adams county from the war, are hereby notified that an organized effort is being made to procure compensation for them during the coming winter, and that it is highly important and all interested to call immediately upon their counsel, or the undersigned Committee of the Bar, at Gettysburg, to make the necessary arrangements to have their claims presented.

D. WILLS,
WM. McCLEAN,
J. C. MEALY,
Committee.

Dec. 3, 1869. tf

JOHN G. LENHART,

SURVEYOR,

WILL promptly attend to all calls in the surveying line. Charges very moderate. Residence in NEW OXFORD Adams co., Pa.

March 5, 1869. tf

BUSEY'S GREAT INVIGORATOR AND RESTORER

OF THE VITALITY OF THE STOMACH.

Prepared from Pure Vegetable Materials.

PURE TONICS AND THE MOST PLEASANT AROMATICS.

ON the 9th of July, 1869, the firm existing between BUSEY & HAGY was dissolved by mutual consent. The latter, being now sole proprietor of the GREAT INVIGORATOR, offers this to his friends and the public as a healthy tonic to continues the manufacture of the same PILLS, wholesale and retail, at the same place, where their uniform will be thoroughly tested and punctually attended to.

This invaluable Remedy for Dyspepsia and General Debility of the system is offered to the public rather as a last trial of its merits with a entire confidence that it will commend itself approved. It has been submitted with the unbroken success in to gentlemen Physicians among others to Dr. M. Dr. FLOYD, one of our oldest and most eminent Physicians, residing at New Oxford, who, at a convention, pronounced it a Remedy which would *not fail* to cure in cases of dyspepsia, when properly administered, in cases of Dyspepsia, springing from colic and debilitated effects of scrofula, brought on by mercurialism, and at last destroying the system completely. Recommended itself and those who attended it to be "morbidly called "the Great Invigorator."

Dr. W. A. McCLURE, another prominent Physician of New Oxford, thus gives his opinion:

NEW OXFORD, Dec. 20, 1868.

MR. JOHN BUSEY—*Dear Sir*: Your request I have examined "The Great Invigorator," prepared by you, and I do not hesitate to say, it is a preparation of the compound of some of the most powerful vegetable tonics, and I have no hesitation in recommending it to our profession, and I have no hesitation in saying that in cases of chronic cases of Dyspepsia, and in cases of debilitation resulting from debility of the stomach. I believe that, if properly used, it will be of incalculable benefit to the sufferer, and any one, I subscribe myself, yours, very respectfully,

W. A. McCLURE, M. D.

Prepared and for sale, wholesale and retail, at New Oxford, Adams co., Pa., by

J. B. BUSEY, Proprietor.

Aug. 13, 1869. tf

[COMMUNICATED.]

FURS! FURS! GOOD AND CHEAP.

WHERE there are so many Fur Stores in the city it is the duty of Public Journals to direct the attention of their readers to the best place to get GREAT INVIGORATOR. The following are recommended by the different Furs to our friends and the public as a healthy tonic to continues the manufacture of the same PILLS, wholesale and retail, at the same place, where their uniform will be thoroughly tested and punctually attended to.

Do—On Saturday they do not close at 9 o'clock.

The most fashionable Furs this season will be the Alaska Sable, and this is the most popular Fur, and they have them in various styles and qualities, ranging from prices to suit all and since a fur is to last a lifetime and should be a good investment, it is very essential to have the right article and purchase good Furs the cheapest of finish of all their Furs will will be Furs are warranted to be as represented.

A Mink Sable set cost from $75 to $75, and some very fine dark sets from a little higher but from $40 to $50 will buy an excellent dark set, and those sets last a lady from eight to fifteen years.

Then there is the Hudson Bay Sable, the superior, superior, Royal Ermine, German Fitch and Chinchilla, and Ladies' Hoods and other high and low priced Furs in endless varieties.

Remember the name of JOSEPH ROSENBAUM & CO., are the numbers 50 Arch Street, between 4th and 5th, south side, Philadelphia.

P. S. Furs repaired and altered into the present fashions.

Nov. 12, 1869. 3m

JS. SCREARY. JOHN F. MCCLEARY

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest

SADDLES,
BRIDLES,
COLLARS and
HARNESS of all kinds, in the County, are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

McCREARYS'.

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles are the most substantially built and neatest. Our Hartness, *plain and silver mounted*, are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

Our upper leather Draft Collars cannot be beat, they are the best FITTING and most durable.

Our Heavy Draft Harness are made to order, as cheap as they can be made and are warranted to be the best substantial work.

Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Hames, Pad-locks, and everything in the line. *Our letter is cheap.*

Our prices have been greatly reduced to the lowest Living standard.

A liberal percentage for cash, off all bills amounting to $20 or more.

We work nothing but the best stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

Gettysburg as a cash and exchange prices and quality.

CREARY & SON.

Jan. 31, 1868. tf

STILL AHEAD!

HOFFHEINS' REAPER AND MOWER,

One of the Greatest Machines of the Age.

IS simpler than any other Machine now in use, and will excel any that will ever be introduced, having been thoroughly tried and given general satisfaction. I would now invite all those who intend purchasing Machines to call and examine for themselves. This Machine is noted particularly to excel all other machines, in strength, durability, ease of draft, and reliability of work, in all kinds of grass and grain. It is designed expressly, which is superior then in Machines for a farmer. It can be used as a hand rake or with as self-rakes. It cuts wheat 2 inches in length; 1 feet 10 inches in grass; has a steel cutter bar, with wrought iron guards; it can be used as a single Mower as well as a Combined Machine.

A full trial of the Machine can be had.

Also, SHIREMAN'S SELF-DISCHARGING HORSE RAKE, and Horse Rake, the GIANT RAKE, the best takers ever introduced. Also, SHIREMAN'S SELF-DISCHARGING HOUSE SCREW FOR HAY, wrought iron rollers, and the best hay fork ever invented. The Subscriber would also call attention to the IRON HOUSE SCREW FOR GRAIN, wrought iron rollers, very light and strong, and is decidedly superior to any other. Also, the FEEDER AND ELEVATOR, for Threshing Mills, the old Emborough Fan among the farmers of Pennsylvania, is a great favorite with the trade, the two middle screws, and warranted for six years.

Also, all kinds of FARMING IMPLEMENTS always on hand.

Any person wishing to examine the merits, almost in section in the Battle-field Gap, or at my residence, 3 miles from Gettysburg, between the Taney town road and the Baltimore pike.

LEWIS A. BUSHMAN.

May 13, 1869. tf

KISSINGER & CO.,

No. 2 WEST MARKET STREET, YORK, PA.,

PIANOS, ORGANS AND MELODEONS

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following celebrated manufacture at any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Robes & Schmidt, Chickering & Son, Bradbury, Knabe & Son, Gale & Son.

ORGANS AND MELODEONS

COTTAGE, PARLOR, CHURCH AND PARLOR ORGANS AND MELODEONS.

These instruments stand unrivalled by any manufactured in this country or in Europe, as testified by the highest judges. They have received the Union Bunkerstand Performers, pronounced by them to be of superior excellence in reed Tone, to every other reed organ. Also, the best makers of Violins, Violoncellos, Guitars, Flutes, and Fifes, and a variety of instruments of every class. We have the sole selling and agency for

PATENT SIX HUMANA TREMOLO,

which is the most wonderful invention ever introduced into the Instruments. Features are to be found in the Instruments, features are to be found in the Instruments, features are to be found in the Instruments,